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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/553,870	10/21/2005	Satoru Nishiuma	03500.103115.	1107
	7590 08/03/200 CELLA HARPER &	EXAMINER		
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA			WEISZ, DAVID G	
NEW YORK, NY 10112			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1797	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/03/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/553,870	NISHIUMA, SATORU			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	DAVID WEISZ	1797			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS froute, cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11.  2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) Th  3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, p				
Disposition of Claims					
4)  Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers 9)  The specification is objected to by the Examir 10)  The drawing(s) filed on 21 October 2005 is/ar	rawn from consideration.  /or election requirement.  ner.	ed to by the Evaminer			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is c	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5)  Notice of Informa 6)  Other:				

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. RCE filed on 07/10/09 and amendment filed 6/11/09 are acknowledged. Upon entering the amendment, claim 1 is amended. Claims 1-9 are pending and presented for the examination.

# Response to Amendment

2. Grounds for rejection were modified in view of the amendment.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 5. **Claims 1-9** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Danielzik et al. (US 5822472, IDS) (Danielzik) in view of Pilevar et al (US 6558958, IDS) (Pilevar).

Danielzik discloses an optical analysis device comprising an external face capable of immobilizing a detection-objective substance (col3/l26-50) (claim 7), a first end and a second end (figure 1), a light separating means at an end for separating exciting light from fluorescent light, wherein exciting light is entered from another end and fluorescent light is generated from detection-objective substance, and a detecting

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means (col3/l26-50) (claim 1). The reference additionally discloses a light separating means that is a coupling grating (col3/l26-50) (claim 2). The reference additionally discloses the light-transmitting member to comprise an optical waveguide (col3/l26-50) (claim 3). The reference additionally discloses a flow path within the device having an inlet and outlet (figure 1) (claim 4). The reference additionally discloses a coupling means that is a diffraction grating at a first end of the device (Col3/l26-50) (claims 5 and 6). The reference additionally discloses that the trapping component traps via antigenantibody reaction (col11/l24-42) (claim 8) or a hybridization reaction of DNA (col10/l35-40) (claim 9). However, the reference does not specifically disclose the light transmitting member to be cylindrical, or that fluorescing light is condensed before detection, as disclosed in claim 1.

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Pilevar discloses a cylindrical columnar light transmitting member in an optical device (figure 7). The reference additionally discloses that the fluorophores couple with material within the optical fiber, and that when fluorescence occurs, the fluorescing light is coupled for detection (abstract) (claim 1). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to use a cylindrical columnar device for the device of Danielzik because, although they are of different shapes and configurations, they have the same mechanism of detecting fluorophores via immobilization and subsequent fluorescent detection. Additionally, it would have been obvious to couple the fluorescing light within the device of Danielzik in order to properly capture it for analysis.

## Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-9 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. However, on pages 6 and 7 of Applicant's arguments, it is stated that the optical sensor of the Pilevar reference lacks an external face for detection-objective substance immobilization and a condenser. Firstly, as disclosed in the 103 rejection above, both the Danielzik and Pilevar references have an immobilization step, with the Danielzik immobilization layer situated externally. One of ordinary skill in the art would situate a fluorophore immobilization

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material in a variety of places convenient for an optical analysis device of a variety of configurations. With respect to the condenser, please reference the above rejection.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DAVID WEISZ whose telephone number is (571)270-7073. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday, 7:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m., EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vickie Kim can be reached on (571)272-0579. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

7/31/2009

/Yelena G. Gakh/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1797

/D. W./

Examiner, Art Unit 1797